

CAPTS

1. The Duty Officer is directly responsible for the supervision of

- a) The Base Commander and the Orderly Officer
- b) The Orderly Officer and the Base Sergeant Major
- c) The Base Sergeant Major and the Base Commander
- d) The Orderly Officer and the Base Orderly Sergeant

2. The Duty Officer is responsible for confirming by telephone/radio that

- a) his Base alone is in order
- b) all Bases and Locations are in order
- c) all interior Locations only are in order
- d) all mining communities are in order

3. A female applicant who is already a mother would only be eligible for enlistment if her last child is _____

- a) At least one year old
- b) Over one year old
- c) Six months
- d) Nine months

4. The probationary period for an employee by the Guyana Defence Force is

- a) 12 weeks
- b) 24 weeks
- c) 16 weeks
- d) 20 weeks

5. While on duty the Duty Officer represents the..... on the Base/Location

- a) Orderly Officer and the Base Commander
- b) The Base Commander and the Commanding Officer
- c) The Commanding Officer and the COS
- d) The COS and the Base Commander

6. Which of the following is NOT a core value of the Guyana Defence Force

- a) Discipline
- b) Hardwork
- c) Integrity
- d) Courage

7. Promotion to all of the following Ranks has a stipulated period for commissioned service except

- a) To Captain
- b) To Major
- c) To Lieutenant
- d) To Lieutenant Colonel

8. Which of the following is NOT a quality demonstrated by an Officer of the Guyana Defence Force

- a) Adaptability
- b) Selectivity
- c) Initiative
- d) Professionalism

9. Recruitment of Low skill workers is initiated by

- a) Staff Officer One G1
- b) Staff Officer One G5
- c) Chief of Staff
- d) Unit Headquarters

10. A contract for employment, for an unspecified period of time may be terminated by all of the following except

- a) By redundancy
- b) By mutual consent of the parties
- c) Pregnancy or reasons connected to pregnancy
- d) By notice given to or served upon the other party

11. Interviews are to be conducted for Officers and Other Ranks _____ times a year

- a) 3
- b) 2
- c) 6
- d) 4

12. Where two or more officers are of the same seniority their precedence one over the other shall be based on

- a) Unit
- b) Special Skills
- c) Place of Birth
- d) Date of Birth

13. Superiority is given to officers holding local rank of the same grade according to

- a) Date of Birth
- b) Date of appointment
- c) Date of announcement
- d) Date of promotion

14. The Re-Engagement period for an Officer or Soldier attending an institution for a period of four years to complete a training programme is

- a) 6 years
- b) 9 years
- c) 10 years
- d) 20 years

15. According to the Defence (Pensions and Gratuities) Regulations 1974, Part II section 12, it shall be compulsory for a Majors and Captains to retire at age

- a) 55 years of age
- b) 35 years of age
- c) 45 years of age
- d) 50 years of age

16. The Career Development Plan allows for the...

- i. Promotion of Officers and Other Ranks
 - ii. Intertwining of organizational growth and succession planning at all levels
 - iii. Utilisation of human resources in key areas
 - iv. Building professional competence and specialization
- a) i and ii
 - b) i and iii
 - c) i and iv
 - d) i, ii and iv
 - e) all of the above

17. An Officer or Other Rank who chooses to change his/her specialty will...

- a) Lose all previous (MCS) benefits/allowances
- b) Lose some previous (MCS) benefits/allowances
- c) Be reduced in rank
- d) Remain in the same rank

18. A Lieutenant commencing studies at the University of Guyana or any other tertiary institution in a specialist area must begin at the Level

- a) Certificate
- b) Diploma
- c) Degree
- d) Advanced Certificate

19. Lieutenant Colonels and Colonels are rotated through various Command and Staff appointments based on

- a) their managerial experiences
- b) their management styles
- c) their managerial education
- d) their managerial flair

20. Barring unit specialization, at what rank can an Officer proceed to the University of Guyana to complete an undergraduate degree?

- a) Captain
- b) Major
- c) Colonel
- d) Lieutenant

21. Specialised training aside, the Junior Command and Staff Course is the complimentary “next tier” training for promotion to this rank...

- a) Captain
- b) Major
- c) Substantive Lieutenant
- d) None of the above

22. Using a GDF “paid for licence” to operate equipment of other entities can only be done...

- a) If the Officer or Other Rank pays for the license
- b) If the Officer or Other Rank gains special approval from the COS
- c) If the COS decides to withhold the license
- d) if the Officer or Other Rank becomes disabled

23. Officers and Other Ranks wishing to pursue international scholarships may be required to appear before the...

- a) Force Selection Board
- b) Unit’s Commanding Officer
- c) Chief of Staff
- d) Force Welfare Officer

24. A GDF “paid for licence” becomes...

- a) part of the Officer or Other Rank’s will
- b) the Officer or Other Rank’s stock in trade
- c) the property of the GDF
- d) a license to kill

25. Officers holding the rank of are considered Force Asset

- a) Majors and Lieutenant Colonels
- b) Colonels and Majors
- c) Colonels and Lieutenant Colonels
- d) Lieutenant Colonels, Majors and Colonels

26. Which one is not a current expenditure?

- a) Unskilled labour
- b) Incentives
- c) Agriculture Development works
- d) Pensions

27. All of the following are Capital Expenditures except...

- a) Buildings
- b) Equipment
- c) Marine Development Works
- d) Other Direct Labour costs

28. Cheque Orders are to be cleared within...

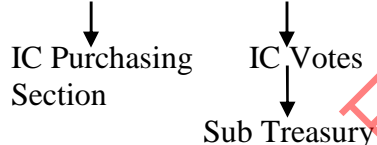
- a) 14 days
- b) 7 days
- c) 30 days
- d) 90 days

29. The Programme budget structure involves...

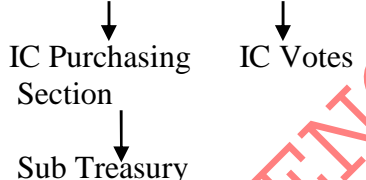
- a) Activities and Sub-Programmes
- b) Programmes, Sub-Programmes and Activities
- c) Programmes and Activities
- d) All of the above

30. Which of the following outlines the correct stages for processing of vouchers?

a) Unit S4's → SPBO → Col AQ → CO 5 SSB and OC Finance



b) Col AQ → CO 5 SSB → Unit S4's or OC Finance



c) Units → Col GS → Col AQ → Sub Treasury

d) None of the above

31. The following dependants of a deceased soldier are entitled to claim Industrial Death benefits except...

- a) Widow/widower of the deceased
- b) an unmarried dependent child
- c) a parent of the deceased
- d) a married child

32. The examination section of Government Accounts (Finance Dept) has the responsibility of ensuring that all vouchers are....

- a) stamped and signed by the Col General Staff
- b) signed and sealed by the CO 5SSB
- c) stamped and signed by the payment clerk
- d) clearly written and calculated and contain the correct signatures

33. If, as a result of your negligence you keep in your possession any invoice or quotation and as a result, the Force suffers a previous-year liability you shall be surcharged...

- a) One half the value of the invoice/quotation
- b) The full value of the invoice/quotation
- c) Any amount deemed appropriate by the trail Officer
- d) An amount equal to of your salary

34. Any employee of the Force who seeks medical attention at a private hospital without a referral from the FMO will...

- a) have all costs refunded by the GDF
- b) have to personally cover the cost of all expenses incurred
- c) approach the Medical Corps for a partial refund
- d) approach the Credit Union to gain a refund

35. Receipts used in the clearing of advances must have all of the following except...

- a) the relevant stores documentation
- b) an "EXAMINED BY" stamp
- c) the reason for purchase
- d) the full address of the supplier

36. The Finance Department can strike from the payroll, Ranks reported absent without leave for ...

- a) three days
- b) five days
- c) seven or more days
- d) six days

37. Fines are paid into the ...

- a) Surcharge Account
- b) Force Welfare Fund
- c) Fines Surcharge Fund
- d) Consolidated Fund

38. These are all types of Imprest except...

- a) Force
- b) Standing
- c) Special
- d) Ordinary

39. Forfeitures are paid into the....

- a) Surcharge Account
- b) Force Welfare Fund
- c) Fines Surcharge Fund
- d) Consolidated Fund

40. A Letter of Interdiction must state ...

- a) the percentage of the Officer or Soldiers' salary to be increased
- b) the percentage of the Officer or Soldiers' salary to be donated
- c) the percentage of the Officer or Soldiers' salary to be banked
- d) the percentage of the Officer or Soldiers' salary to be denied

41. Clearance Certificates for all Ranks must be completed in...

- a) Single form
- b) Duplicate
- c) Triplicate
- d) Quintuple

42. Ranks are required to pay compliments in all of the following circumstances except...

- a) When an Officer enters an office or a Mess
- b) Upon passing or being passed by caskets draped with the national flag
- c) When the rank is a passenger in a motor vehicle
- d) While driving a motor vehicle

43. November 1, 2012 will mark this Anniversary of the GDF...

- a) 45th
- b) 46th
- c) 47th
- d) 48th

44. The five Core Values of the GDF are...

- a) Leadership, Teamwork, Loyalty, Integrity, Utility.
- b) Duty, Discipline, Identity, Integrity, Loyalty
- c) Validity , Utility, Loyalty, Integrity, Duty
- d) Discipline, Teamwork, Duty, Loyalty, Leadership

45. This Award is presented to Officers and soldiers for the highest act of Bravery in circumstances of great danger involving serious risk to life...

- a) Golden Medal of Courage
- b) The Military Service Star
- c) The Cacique Crown of Honour
- d) The Disciplined Service Medal

46. The GDF's Values have ...

- a) Moral and Functional validity
- b) Functional morality
- c) Moral functionality
- d) Dysfunctional moral validity

47. The GDF's Values and Standards are a code of conduct designed to...

- a) detract from social issues involving military personnel
- b) dis-illusion military personnel
- c) distract all military personnel
- d) guide all military personnel

48. Where practicable, which of the following should occur when a soldier is detained by military authority?

- a) His/her CO should obtain a verbal report from G2 Branch only and wait to hear what the outcome will be.
- b) G2 Branch places the soldier in the cell forthwith without contacting his/her CO
- c) His/her CO, who has been correctly informed, has the soldier brought before him and informs him of the charge against him.
- d) His/her CO has the soldier brought before him after 72 days and then commences an investigation

49. When a CO investigates a charge by personally hearing the evidence, all of the following may occur except...

- a) Evidence may be reduced to writing
- b) Prosecution witness(es) shall give evidence orally in the presence of the accused
- c) a witness's written statement may be read to the accused by the CO
- d) The evidence is always presented under oath.

50. When summary evidence is being taken, the following should occur except...

- a) a child may be called as a prosecution witness in the investigation of charges that is for a sexual offence
- b) Neither the accused nor witnesses for the defence shall be subject to cross-examination
- c) The accused may call witnesses to his defence
- d) The evidence shall be taken in the presence of the accused

51. Based on grounds prescribed, a soldier of the Reserve may be discharged by the at any time during his/her current term of service.

- a) Force Welfare Officer
- b) Competent Military Authority
- c) Unit Commanding Officer.
- d) Base Commander

52. In the event of a state of war or insurrection, this person may, by proclamation, direct that the Reserve be called out on permanent service...

- a) The Chief of Staff
- b) The President
- c) The Prime Minister
- d) The Chairman of the Defence Board

53. An Officer who was wronged and does not obtain satisfactory redress from his/her CO can make a complaint to...

- a) The COS
- b) The Col GS
- c) The Col AQ
- d) The Defence Board

54. A policeman, to whom an Officer/Soldier who is AWOL or who has deserted surrenders, has a responsibility to first...

- a) Take the Officer or Soldier's statement
- b) Take the Officer/Soldier to a Police Station
- c) Arrest the Officer/Soldier and take him to Base Camp Ayanganna
- d) Immediately Charge and imprison the Officer/Soldier

55. If swearing an Oath before a Court Martials against an Officer or soldier's religious beliefs then he or she may instead...

- a) Simply appear before a Board
- b) Be subject to sanction
- c) Make a solemn affirmation
- d) be forced to take the Oath

56. An Officer or Soldier who is convicted by Court martial, may, with the leave of the Court of Appeal, appeal to that Court against his conviction except...

- a) Where an appeal is made within 28 days of the finding of the Court Martial
- b) Where the appeal is made within 14 days of the finding of the Court Martial
- c) He/she thinks that the finding of the Court Martial is reasonable
- d) In a case of a conviction involving the sentence of death

57. "An appellant shall not be present at the hearing of an appeal or at any proceedings". This may be contravened ...

- a) If the appellant insists on being present
- b) Except where the rules of Court provides that he/she shall have the right to be present
- c) If a representative is nominated to be present
- d) None of the above

58. A soldier is injured or comes down with a serious illness. The direct responsibility for informing his/her next of kin is that of the...

- a) The General Personnel Department
- b) The Commanding Officer
- c) The Colonel General Staff
- d) The Welfare Officer

59. The first Progress Reports for seriously ill soldier must be made...

- a) on the third day of the soldier's seriously ill condition
- b) 24 hours after the soldier is declared to be seriously ill
- c) 48 hours after the soldier is declared to be seriously ill
- d) on the seventh day of the soldier's seriously ill condition

60. Which is the correct sequence for manning lines of defence on IS Ops?

- a) 1st line (GDF), 2nd line (GPF), 3rd line (GFS) & 4th line local commercial service
- b) 1st line (GPF), 2nd line (GDF), 3rd line (GFS)
- c) 1st line (GDF), 2nd line (GFS), 3rd line local commercial service
- d) 1st line (local commercial service), 2nd line (GDF), 3rd line (GPF) & 4th line (GFS)

61. When foot patrols are to be done in urban areas what should constitute the strength for an open formation patrol?

- a) a Platoon
- b) A Section
- c) A Company
- d) A Section Plus

62. During IS Ops, which does NOT constitute a task of a vehicular patrol?

- a) General Reconnaissance
- b) Rapidly accessing the scene of an incident for intervention
- c) Photographic Reconnaissance
- d) Snap Road-blocks

63. In a company/organisation/institution, the role of leadership in management is largely defined by...

- a) The prevailing political atmosphere
- b) The organisational culture
- c) The Style choices of the executives
- d) Good leadership techniques

64. The ability to attract someone to the gifts, skills, and opportunities you offer as an owner, manager or as a parent is referred to as....

- a) Boldness
- b) Humility
- c) Leadership
- d) Arrogance

65. Which of the following is NOT the aim of IS patrols?

- a) To dominate the area
- b) To instill confidence in the civilian population
- c) To broadcast messages to the populace
- d) To enforce a curfew

66. Which of the following is NOT a principle applicable to the Joint Operations Centre?

- a) A sense of priority
- b) A system of relief
- c) Clear Standing Orders
- d) Complexity

67. Which of the following is NOT a task of helicopter/light aircraft patrols?

- a) Reporting incidents quickly
- b) Escort duties
- c) Supporting high patrols
- d) Dropping riot control agents

68. Warning must be given before opening fire. After giving the warning, you may fire...

- i. Against a person carrying a lethal weapon that you believe he intends to use
- ii. When the person carrying a lethal weapon does not halt when ordered to do so.
- iii. Against an escaping person who, in sight has killed or seriously injured a person and who does not halt when ordered to do so, especially if this person cannot be arrested by any other means.
- iv. When there are other ways to protect yourself.

- a) i and iv only
- b) i, iii, and iv, only
- c) i, ii, and iv, only
- d) i, ii, and iii, only

69. If you must open fire then you are to...

- i. Fire to disable
- ii. Fire only aimed shots
- iii. Fire no more rounds than absolutely necessary
- iv. Rapid fire at the initial stage

- a) i, ii, and iv
- b) i, ii, and iii
- c) i, iii, and iv
- d) ii, iii, and iv

70. A....leader makes decisions by consulting his team while maintaining control of the group....

- a) Democratic
- b) Autocratic
- c) Laisser-faire
- d) Transactional

71. “The leader dominates team-members using unilateralism to achieve a single objective.” This statement best describes this leader...

- a) Democratic
- b) Autocratic
- c) Laisser-faire
- d) Charismatic

72. Instructional Aids can be used during Instruction and in classes. Which of the following is NOT a purpose for using such aids?....

- a) Helps maintain interest
- b) Helps to lengthen the presentation
- c) Helps the student to understand and learn
- d) Helps the Instructor to clarify and simplify teaching

73. Of all the Principles of War, which is the MASTER principle?

- a) Security
- b) Surprise
- c) The selection and maintenance of the aim
- d) Maintenance of morale

74. This is NOT a desirable characteristic for a teaching/learning aid....

- a) Large enough in size
- b) Necessary to the information
- c) Complex in form
- d) Most suitable for illustration

75. These are is the legal, philosophical and moral basis for continuation of the nationhood of Guyana...

- a) Economic development
- b) Good governance
- c) National values
- d) None of the above

76. The Guyana Defence Force adheres to all of the following core values except

- a) Duty
- b) Discipline
- c) Responsibility
- d) Loyalty

77. All of the following are standards except

- a) Identity
- b) Responsibility
- c) Respect for Law
- d) Correct conduct

78. The Guyana Defence Force has.....core values.

- a) 6
- b) 5
- c) 4
- d) 7

79. There arestandards which governs the Guyana Defence Force.

- a) 8
- b) 7
- c) 5
- d) 6

80. The most important value of the Guyana Defence Force is

- a) Identity
- b) Duty
- c) Integrity
- d) Loyalty

81. In what year was the GDF established?

- a) 1966
- b) 1865
- c) 1970
- d) 1965

82. Extra duties can be awarded to

- a. All privates only
- b. All junior ranks only (Cpls and below)
- c. Junior ranks and Senior NCOs
- d. All serving military personnel

83. Any member of the Force who is found guilty of unnatural sexual behavior will be

- a) Relocated
- b) Demoted
- c) Discharged
- d) Condone

84. Soldiers' who intend to marry must inform their Commanding Officers at least months prior to the date set for the marriage.

- a) six months
- b) four months
- c) two months
- d) three months

85. Members of the Force who are found to be involved in drug misuse will be discharged on their

- a) First indiscretion
- b) Second indiscretion
- c) Third indiscretion
- d) Fourth indiscretion

86. A Rank who intends to get married must at least attain the age of ____ and not less than _____ years service

- a) 18 years and not less than 1 year service
- b) 21 years and not less than 2 years service
- c) 21 years and not less than 3 years of service
- d) 18 years and not less than 2 years service

87. A person who is subject to military law can be found guilty of Malingering by doing any of the following except:

- a) Falsely pretending to be suffering from sickness or disability
- b) Injuring himself with intent to render himself unfit for service
- c) Injuring another person subject to service law with intent there by to render that person unfit for service
- d) Being injured by accident

88. Vacation leave shall not be granted during the following periods

- i. Field Tactical Exercises
- ii. Operations
- iii. National emergencies
- iv. 15th December to 15th January

Select the correct answer from below

- a) None of the Above
- b) All of the Above
- c) i and ii only
- d) iii and iv only

89. Soldiers who have been granted sick leave in excess of ____ will be required to appear before the Force Medical Board to determine their suitability for continued military service.

- a) Four (4) months
- b) three (3) months
- c) Five (5) months
- d) six (6) months

90. A female soldier must be taken out of regular uniform at ____ into the pregnancy and given a pregnancy style uniform or be allowed to wear civilian's clothes

- a) four to five months
- b) three to four months
- c) one to two months
- d) five to six months

91. Within the stipulated period of _____ following enlistment, female ranks are NOT EXPECTED to bear a child

- a) three (3) years
- b) one (1) year
- c) four (4) years
- d) two (2) years

92. A pregnant soldier should ONLY be allowed to work during the day, and this must not exceed ____ hours with a rest period every two (2) hours.

- a) ten (10)
- b) six (6)
- c) four (4)
- d) eight (8)

93. Items of kit or equipment can be loaned to individual for periods not exceeding

- a) 7 days
- b) 10 days
- c) 14 days
- d) 21 days

94. Items loaned in bulk to units for Force Exercises or parades must be returned

- a) Within 60 hours after the end of the event
- b) Within 36 hours after the end of the event
- c) Within 72 hours after the end of the event
- d) Within 48 hours after the end of the event

95. All personnel under the supervision of the Duty Officer must know

- a) The warning system and password
- b) The password and the watchkeep
- c) The watchkeep and the warning system
- d) The security of the Base

96. During his/her tour of duty the Duty Officer MUST check

- a) Guard Room and Guards
- b) Messes and clubs
- c) Medical Centre and Sentry Ledgers
- d) All of the above

97. Which of the following does the Duty Officer carry during his/her tour of duty

- a) An AKM rifle and thirty 7.62 pounds
- b) A GPMG and ten 7.62 Pounds
- c) An AK47 rifle and 30 rounds of ammo
- d) A pistol and 10 matching rounds.

98. The Duty Officer personally submits the Duty Officer Report to the Chief of Staff at

- a) 0830 hours on the day of his relief
- b) 0800 hours on the day of his relief
- c) 0900 hours on the day of his relief
- d) none of the above

99. The following are responsibilities of the Adjutant/Executive Officer, except

- a) Visits of senior officers
- b) The Close supervision of parades conducted at the Base
- c) Maintaining discipline within the Base
- d) Operational planning and requirements within the Base

100. The following are among the tasks of the Adjutant/Executive Officer, except

- a) Maintaining an Officers and senior ranks leave book
- b) Issuing of Routine Orders
- c) Preparation of the Base Annual Diary of Events
- d) Preparation of the Base Annual Report

101. A soldier under sentence is to have a medical inspection done

- a) at the end of his/her sentence
- b) one month after his/her sentence begins
- c) as soon as possible after being confined
- d) one day before confinement

102. A soldier under sentence for 30 days can earn a pardon of

- a) 10 days
- b) 15 days
- c) 18 days
- d) 21 days

103. A soldier who is on restriction of privileges comes under the command of the

- a) Base Adjutant
- b) Base Orderly Officer
- c) Base Sergeant Major
- d) Base Welfare Officer

104. Which of the following is the group of Immediate Action drills used in Close Country warfare?

- a) Advance to Contact, Withdrawal and Ambushes.
- b) Encounter Drill, Counter Ambush Drill and Immediate Ambush Drill.
- c) Counter Ambush, Ambush and Fighting Patrols.
- d) Encounter Drill, Patrols, and Ambush Drill.

105. Which of the following best describes vital ground?

- a) Ground which is highly desirable rather than essential to hold.
- b) Ground of such tactical significance that its loss would render the defence of an area impossible.
- c) Ground which is important to all operations.
- d) Dead ground that is highly desirable.

106. Which of the following is the correct sequence for harbouring in Close Country Warfare?

- a) Recce, Occupation, Clearance Ptls, Sentries, Work Routine and Stand-to.
- b) Recce, Occupation, Sentries, Clearance Ptls, Work Routine and Stand -to.
- c) Recce, Sentries, Occupation, Clearance Ptls, Work Routine and Stand-to.
- d) Recce, Sentries, Clearance Ptls, Occupation, Stand-to and Work Routine.

107. Which principle of war dictates that you should never use a sledge-hammer to crack a nut?

- a) Minimum Force.
- b) Economy of Effort.
- c) Concentration.
- d) Administration.

108. Which principle of war is often referred to as the master principle?

- a) Minimum Force.
- b) Economy of Effort.
- c) Selection and Maintenance of the Aim.
- d) Flexibility.

109. Which principle of war dictates that you should not stick rigidly to drills?

- a) Justification.
- b) Economy of Effort.
- c) Flexibility.
- d) Maintenance of Morale.

110. This principle of war may be achieved through good administration and welfare of the troops?

- a) Security.
- b) Secrecy.
- c) Administration.
- d) Maintenance of Morale.

111. This principle of war is considered to be the most effective and powerful influence in war. It may be achieved in the defence by good camouflage and the withholding of firepower.

- a) Security.
- b) Flexibility.
- c) Secrecy.
- d) Surprise.

112. This principle of war is achieved by massing units to collectively tackle the mission.

- a) Security.
- b) Economy of Effort.
- c) Surprise.
- d) Concentration.

113. Which principle of war dictates that steps should be taken to guard against surprise?

- a) Security.
- b) Economy of Effort.
- c) Surprise.
- d) Concentration.

114. Which of the following is a principle of Battle Procedure?

- a) Surprise.
- b) Concentration.
- c) Intelligent anticipation of future task.
- d) Concurrent activity at section level.

115. After conducting a recce plan, what sequence comes next in Battle Procedure?

- a) Conduct Recce.
- b) Issue WNG 'O'.
- c) Issue supplementary Os.
- d) Do a map appreciation.

116. After receiving Orders from higher command, what sequence comes next in Battle Procedure?

- a) Conduct Recce.
- b) Make a time appreciation.
- c) Issue Confirmatory Os to Subordinates.
- d) Receive Warning Order.

117. Which of the following are the types of the Advance?

- a) Advance to contact, advance in contact and the Pursuit.
- b) Advance to contact, winning the fire fight, and the Pursuit.
- c) Advance to Contact, Advance to Pursuit and Advance contact.
- d) None of the above.

118. Which of the following is a principle of the Advance?

- a) Advance to contact.
- b) Minimum Force.
- c) Flexibility.
- d) Justification.

119. Which of the following are principles of the Defence?

- a) All Round Defence, Reserves, Secrecy.
- b) Communications, Mutual Support, Fire Support.
- c) Reserves, Depth, Mutual Support.
- d) None of the above.

120. Which of the following is a principle of the Withdrawal?

- a) Offensive Action.
- b) Depth.
- c) Mutual Support.
- d) Close Air Support.

121. A soldier is required to perform his/her duty....

- a) With dedication
- b) With Discipline
- c) Regardless of the difficulties or dangers
- d) All of the above

122. Obedience to all orders issued by Commanders, especially in tough conditions, is the hallmark of this GDF value.....

- a) Loyalty
- b) Integrity
- c) Identity
- d) Discipline

123. A soldier's positive identity will contribute to....

- a) The public's confidence in the Force
- b) The public's lack of confidence in the Force
- c) The public's confidence in themselves
- d) The public's confidence in Guyana's teachers

124. This GDF value is rooted in honesty and truthfulness...

- a) Loyalty
- b) Discipline
- c) Identity
- d) Integrity

125. Officers, soldiers and civilian members of the GDF are to manage and take care of the Force's assets...

- a) In accordance with Force standards
- b) In accordance with published Force regulations and Operating procedures
- c) In an accountable manner
- d) All of the above

126. Officers and Soldiers are subject to...

- a) Military Law
- b) Civil Law
- c) Criminal law
- d) All of the above

127. Soldiers' allegiance to the State and confidence in their comrades-in-arms can be summed up to mean...

- a) Integrity
- b) Identity
- c) Discipline
- d) Loyalty

128. Incorrect Conduct includes all of the following except

- a) Using illegal drugs or narcotics
- b) Driving a vehicle under the influence of alcohol
- c) Exceeding speed limits set on all bases and in the State
- d) Paying compliments as per Force regulations

129. Which of the following does NOT constitute Incorrect Conduct

- a) A sexual relationship between a Warrant Officer and a Private
- b) A sexual relationship between a soldier and his/her spouse
- c) A sexual relationship with an Officer and a Lance Corporal
- d) An intimate relationship between a Regimental Sergeant Major and a Lance Corporal

130. The GDF's tradition of SERVICE depends largely on...

- a) The Force's operational effectiveness
- b) The goodwill of thousands of soldiers who have passed through the ranks
- c) The values displayed by serving Officers and soldiers
- d) All of the above

131. If DISCIPLINE is enforced in an inconsistent manner soldiers will...

- a) Lose faith in their commanders
- b) Become demoralised
- c) Undermine authority
- d) All of the above

132. If any officer or Soldier behaves in any manner that will harm the marriage or relationship of any serving member of the Force of any other citizen it will be deemed to be...

- a) Inappropriate social behaviour
- b) Appropriate social behaviour
- c) Behaviour they deserve
- d) Payback behaviour

133. The soldiers Identity is supported and defined by...

- a) A common sub-culture that they all share
- b) Their dedication of Duty
- c) A value system that is based on Guyana's laws
- d) All of the above

134. The principles of the Force Welfare Policy are...

- a) responsiveness
- b) confidentiality
- c) equality
- d) All of the above

135. Welfare support cannot be withheld on grounds of...

- a) rank
- b) race
- c) religion
- d) all of the above

136. The confidentiality of a soldier's welfare matter can only be broken...

- a) to prevent self- harm
- b) to prevent danger to others
- c) to prevent a breach of security
- d) all of the above

137. Welfare personal/operational support means providing advice and counselling to soldiers for...

- a) relationship and financial difficulties
- b) loss of loved ones and sexual harassment
- c) domestic violence and substance abuse
- d) all of the above

138. Services provided by the Welfare department involve dealing with issues related to....

- a) domestic violence
- b) financial management
- c) substance abuse
- d) all of the above

139. Unit Commanders are to conduct welfare meetings for their personnel...

- a) once a week
- b) once every two weeks
- c) once every four weeks
- d) once every three weeks

140. You are the Welfare Officer. A soldier reports his "squaddie" as being someone who abuses alcohol and who becomes abusive whenever he does so. You are to ...

- a) engage the offending rank in counselling
- b) recommend the offending rank's dismissal
- c) recommend that the offending rank be placed in detention
- d) do nothing: after all, "...lil drink is no problem."

141. If a Welfare Officer receives a complaint regarding bullying, he/she must consider....

- a) the needs of the complainant's Unit
- b) the needs of the Welfare Dept.
- c) the needs of the complainant and the respondent
- d) the needs of the respondent and his supervisor

142. Which of the following is NOT sexual harassment?

- a) a joke of a sexual nature that causes humiliation or offence
- b) a sexually suggestive gesture
- c) an acceptable friendly handshake
- d) an obscene comment about a person's looks

143. Sexual harassment is a problem because it...

- a) demoralises individuals
- b) is against Force Policy
- c) results in disrespect and affects soldiers' performance
- d) all of the above

144. All of the following are GDF welfare operating procedures except...

- a) investigation of welfare breaches
- b) reporting of all welfare breaches to the Minister of Human Services
- c) Counselling, assisting and support victims of welfare breaches
- d) Ensuring that victims receive medical treatment where necessary

145. The main purpose of this Fund is to finance the promotion of activities designed to enhance the morale of serving personnel and their families...

- a) the Finance Fund
- b) the Unit Fund
- c) the DHQ Fund
- d) the Force Welfare Fund

146. A soldier's annual contribution to the Force Welfare Fund equals...

- a) one day's pay
- b) one week's pay
- c) one fortnight's pay
- d) one month's pay

144. Commanders can use funds from this to promote welfare activities in their unit...

- a) the Finance Fund
- b) the Force Fund
- c) the Unit Fund
- d) the Force Welfare Fund

147. Indecent or Immoral conduct

- a) First offence – warning letter, second offence – suspension, third offence – dismissal
- b) First offence – suspension, second offence – longer suspension, third offence – dismissal
- c) First offence – suspension, second offence – dismissal
- d) First offence – warning letter, second offence – 7 days suspension, third offence – 3 months suspension

148. Disobeying Lawful Instruction

- a) First offence – suspension, second offence – dismissal
- b) First offence – warning letter, second offence – suspension, third offence – dismissal
- c) First offence – suspension, second offence – longer suspension, third offence – dismissal
- d) First offence – warning letter, second offence – 21 days suspension, third offence – 3 months suspension

149. Lt Cols acting as ASAs may award all of the following punishments against Officers and Warrant Officers except

- a) A fine not exceeding 21 days pay
- b) Forfeiture of seniority of rank not exceeding 12 months
- c) A fine not exceeding 28 days pay
- d) Severe reprimand or reprimand

150. Majors acting as ASAs may award the following punishments against 2Lts, Lts and WOs except

- a) A fine not exceeding 14 days pay
- b) A fine not exceeding 21 days pay
- c) Severe reprimand
- d) Reprimand

151. Absence Without Leave and Failing to Report

- a) 1st offence – warning letter, 2nd offence – suspension, 3rd offence – suspension
- b) 1st offence – warning letter, 2nd offence – suspension, 3rd offence – dismissal
- c) 1st offence – warning letter, 2nd offence – letter of censure, 3rd offence – suspension
- d) 1st offence – suspension, 2nd offence – suspension, 3rd offence – dismissal

152. In accordance with Sect 25(1) & (2) of the Defence Act, all of the following are true, except

- a) A Warrant Officer may be reduced in rank by an Officer not below the rank of Lt Col
- b) A Staff Sergeant may be reduced in rank by an Officer not below the rank of Major
- c) A Sergeant may be reduced in rank by an Officer not below the rank of Major
- d) A Warrant Officer may be reduced in rank by an Officer not below the rank of Major

153. Subordinate Commanders not below the rank of Captain may award all of the following punishments, except

- a) A fine not exceeding 14 days pay
- b) Reduction to the rank of an Acting Lance Corporal
- c) Stoppages not exceeding 21 days pay
- d) Stoppage of leave

154. Section 75 of the Defence Act deals with

- a) Conduct to the Prejudice of Good Order and Military Discipline
- b) Disobedience to a Lawful Command
- c) Wilful Defiance and Authority
- d) Absent Without Leave

155. Section 44 of the Defence Act deals with

- a) Conduct to the Prejudice
- b) Disobedience to a Lawful Command
- c) Absent Without Leave
- d) Desertion

156. Who is responsible for the tactical sighting of the gun in the SF role in a defended area?

- a) Pl Comd
- b) Coy Comd
- c) Bn Comd
- d) Sect Comd

157. Which of the following groups of a tactical ambush may be located several hundred metres away from the actual ambush

- a) the early warning group
- b) the cut-off group
- c) the reserves
- d) the support group

158. Which of the following best describes the make up of the platoon 'O' Group

- a) Pl Comd, Sect Comds, Runner, Signaller
- b) Sect Comds, Pl SGT, MFC
- c) Sect Comds, Runner, Signaller, Medic
- d) Pl Comd, Runner, MFC, Pl SGT

159. Which of the following best describes the various types of orders?

- a) Warning Order, Formal Order, Operational Order, Radio Order, Quick Battle Orders
- b) Warning Order, Snap Orders, Routine Orders, Quick Orders, Pl Comd Orders
- c) Warning Order, Battle Order, Fire Control Order, Grid Order, Routine Order
- d) Warning Order, Formal Orders, ASA Orders, Routing Orders, OOM Orders

160. What are the main heading for Orders?

- a) Situation, Mission, Execution, Service Support, Command and Signals
- b) Situation, Mission, Execution, Concept of Ops, Coordinating Instructions
- c) Ground, Situation, Intention, Mission, Execution, Command and Signals
- d) Ground, Mission, Execution, Coordinating Timings, Service Support

161. Which of the following is not likely to change when extracting orders from Coy to Pl to Sect?

- a) Mission, Timings, Service Support, Groupings
- b) Situation, En Forces, Coordinating Instructions, Command and Signals
- c) Mission, Ground, Concept of Ops, Tasks
- d) None of the above

162. Any employee who would have obtained a Medical certificate from a Medical institution/doctor outside of the Guyana Defence Force must present same within _____ day(s) to FMO. Unless the patient is penalised.

- a) 1 day
- b) 2 days
- c) 3 days
- d) On resumption

163. All employees of the Guyana Defence Force are entitled to _____ days sick leave annually:

- a) 7 days
- b) 14 days
- c) 21 days
- d) 28 days

164. Members of the Guyana Defence Force who wish to make claims for Medical Care benefit the National Insurance Scheme must have work for at least.

- a) 3 Months
- b) 6 Months
- c) 12 Months
- d) 18 Months

165. How regularly should medical examinations be conducted for all Officers, Warrant Officers and Senior Non-Commissioned Officers?

- a) Every six months
- b) Biennially
- c) Yearly
- d) every eighteen months

166. The Guyana National bureau of standard regulates that the laboratory facilities and MOH Department of Standards and Services inspects facilitiesto ensure compliance with the Health Facilities Act .

- a) Biennially
- b) every six months
- c) Every eighteen months
- d) annually

167. How many weeks maternity leave are female employees entitled to after undergoing caesarian section?

- a) 13 weeks
- b) 24 weeks
- c) 26 weeks
- d) 30 weeks

168. At which age rank are officers to submit to ECG (male & female) and PSA (male & female) as part of their medical?

- a) Forty (40)years
- b) Thirty-five (35) years
- c) Thirty (30)years
- d) Forty-five (45) years

169. What is the correct composition of a medical board?

- a) i, ii, v and vi only
- b) i, ii, iii, iv only
- c) i, iii, iv and v only
- d) i, ii, iii and v only

170. Services offered by the Medial Corps include the following:

- a) Out-patient clinic only
- b) In-patient facility only
- c) Dentistry and medical laboratory only
- d) All of the above

171. All persons travelling overseas must have the following vaccines administered at least ten (10) days prior to their departure, except

- a) diphtheria and tetanus
- b) hepatitis B
- c) hepatitis C
- d) mumps, measles and rubella

172. All of the following can prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS epidemic in the work place Except

- a) Abstinence
- b) Safe Sex (use of condoms)
- c) Sharing of utensils (knife, forks, spoons, etc)
- d) Faithfulness/Marriage

173. What is the first step the FMO/Counselors would take if a soldier is found to be HIV infected?

- a) Have him dismissed
- b) Inform a close relative/friend
- c) Counsel him and prevent him from donating blood, semen, tissue or body organs.
- d) None of the following

174. An HIV positive officer/other rank who demonstrates progressive clinical illness of immunodeficiency and is discharged on medical grounds is entitled to

- a) Retirement Pension
- b) Gratuity
- c) Disability Benefit
- d) Full Salary

175. Employees who test positive for HIV should do all of the following, Except

- a) Do not tell spouse/partner and seek treatment
- b) Find someone to talk to and seek treatment
- c) Exercise, eat healthy and seek treatment
- d) Continue to work until performance on the job is affected by illness

176. A Unit Commander who is a friend of an Officer/Other Rank and has evidence to prove he/she is infected should...

- a) Keep it private while maintaining the friendship
- b) Encourage the Officer/Other Rank to report for treatment and medical evaluation by the FMO.
- c) Encourage the infected person to seek outside treatment or advice
- d) Encourage the employee to resign since he/she will be fired.